2. Arunachal Pradesh	88
3. Assam	11026
4. Bihar	190
5. Gujarat	16931
6. Haryana	950
7. Himachal Pradesh	59
8. Jammu & Kashmir	1982
9. Maharashtra	1592
10. Madhya Pradesh	118
11. Manipur	1003*
12. Punjab	14724
13. Rajasthan	431
14. Tamil Nadu	147*
15. Tripura	47
16. Uttar Pradesh	851*
17. West Bengal	525
18. Karnataka	26*
18. Uttar Pradesh	3920
19. Sikkim	5
20. Goa	34
21. Mizoram	42
22. Andaman & Nicobar	1
23. Chandigarh	11
24. Delhi	217

*Fig. as on 31-12-92.

NOTE :—1. The National Security Act, 1980 is not applicable to Jammu and Kashmir.

2. The State Governments of Kerala, Arunachal Pradesh, West Bengal and U. T. Administrations of Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Lakshadweep, Pondicherry, Daman and Diu have not invoked the provisions of NSA.

Number of Persons Detained under the National Security Act, 1980, 23-9-80 to 30-4-93

Sl. No.	Name of State/U. T.	No. of persons actually detained
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	365
2.	Assam	335
3.	Bihar	286
4.	Gujarat	1148
5.	Haryana	20
6.	Himachal Pradesh	37
7.	Karnataka	31
8.	Madhya Pradesh	1894
9.	Maharashtra	3812
10.	Manipur	433
11.	Meghalaya	27
12.	Nagaland	8
13.	Orissa	320
14.	Punjab	1693
15.	Rajasthan	262
16.	Tamil Nadu	536
17.	Tripura	9

Statement—II

As and when a detention order is issued under the provisions of the NSA by a sub-ordinate Authority of the State Government that is by a District Magistrate/Commissioner of Police (who are specifically authorised for the purpose), the detention order becomes invalid if it is not approved by the concerned State Government/Union Territory Administration within a period of 12 days. Each and every case of the detention made under the Act has to be referred to the Advisory Board for review within a period of three weeks and the Advisory Board has to give its opinion within seven weeks from the date of detention. In case, Advisory Board does not find sufficient cause for the detention, the detention order shall have to be revoked.

There is not statutory provisions for review of cases under the Terrorist and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Act/the Terrorist and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Rules.

Ban on Illegal Lotteries

1182. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have decided to ban illegal lotteries operating in the country;

(b) if so, the details of the illegal lotteries, operating in the country;

(c) whether the low and middle class are the most affected on the functioning of lotteries; and

(d) if so, the steps Government propose to take to ban such lotteries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) whenever cases of illegal running of lotteries come to notice, action is taken by the State Government concerned.

(b) The Central Govt. does not collect statistics about all the cases registered in States in this regard.

(c) In the absence of a research study definite conclusions about the effects of lotteries on the economic conditions of the low and middle class sections cannot be drawn. However, lotteries have been banned in Madhya Pradesh on the ground that they were having a detrimental social and economic impact, particularly on the poorer sections.

(d) Keeping in view the prevalent malpractices, the Central Government has, from time to time, issued guidelines to the States. It is for the State Govts. to take necessary steps including banning of such lotteries.

किशनगंज, बिहार में सीमा सुरक्षा बल का सैक्टर मुख्यालय

1183. **श्री कामेश्वर पासवान** : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार ने बिहार के किशनगंज जिले में सीमा सुरक्षा बल का सैक्टर मुख्यालय स्थापित करने का निर्णय लिया था और इस उद्देश्य के लिए 152 हेक्टेयर भूमि भी अधिग्रहित की गई थी ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि इस प्रकार अधिग्रहित भूमि के लिए सीमा सुरक्षा बल को साठ लाख रुपये मुआवजे के रूप में देने पड़े ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस राशि के भुगतान में क्या विक्कतें हैं और सीमा सुरक्षा बल के प्रस्तावित सैक्टर मुख्यालय की स्थापना में विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राजेश पायलट) : (क) से (ग) किशनगंज जिले में सीमा सुरक्षा बल का एक सैक्टर मुख्यालय स्थापित करने का निर्णय लिया गया था और इस सैक्टर के मुख्यालय और दो बटालियनों के लिए 115 हेक्टेयर, 91 एयर तथा 20 पाईन्ट भूमि अधिग्रहित की गयी थी । फैसले के अनुसार, सीमा सुरक्षा बल ने भूमि अधिग्रहित करने के लिए किशनगंज के समाहर्ता को मुआवजे के रूप में 57,10,207 रु० की राशि का भुगतान किया है और स्वामित्व प्रमाण पत्र भी प्राप्त कर लिया है । यह सैक्टर-मुख्यालय पहले ही कार्य कर रहा है ।

Relaxation to SC/ST Candidates in Police Services

1184. SHRIMATI KAILASHPATI : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that at the time of recruitment of Constable/Foot Constable/Head Constable/Sub-Inspector/IPS Officers in Delhi Police, State Transport Authority and other para-military forces relaxation is given to SCs/STs candidates in physical test i. e. chest, height, weight etc.;

(b) if so, whether Government give any relaxation in case of eye sight corrected by glass/contact lenses/inter-ocular lenses to the candidate of these categories; and

(c) if so, what is the criterion for these relaxations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) The Delhi Police has intimated that relaxation in the height and chest standards to SCs/STs candidates is provided for certain posts. No relaxation is given in the weight standard.

In the Central Reserve Police Force, relaxation has been provided to Scheduled Tribes candidates for recruitment as Constable in height and chest standards. No such relaxation is provided for Scheduled Caste candidates. No relaxation in physical standards is given for appointments to the post of Head Constable. No relaxation in physical standards is given in the Assam Rifles and Indo-Tibetan Border Police.

In the Central Industrial Security Force, relaxation in chest and height standard is given to Scheduled Tribe candidates.

The Department of Personnel and Training (Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions) has intimated that no relaxation is given to Scheduled Caste candidates in the Indian Police Service in the matter of physical standards. Only Scheduled Tribe candidates are given more relaxation in height.

The Transport Department of Delhi Administration provides relaxation in height standards to the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates for recruitment as Foot Constables. In respect of other posts, no such relaxation is provided.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.